OU Workforce Management Requirements For Affordable Care Act Compliance Applies to Norman-Based Programs

Version 2.3 March 03, 2015

NOTE: The requirements of the federal Affordable Care Act continue to be reviewed by university staff. The university guidelines described in this document are subject to change. The most current version of this document is available here:

https://apps.hr.ou.edu/dms/GetDocuments.aspx?p=ACA+Workforce+Management.

Updates

Version 2, 10/31/14: Section 3.2.5 and Appendix D were updated to better describe the time tracking methods for Graduate Teaching Assistants who are Instructors of Record. Work hour limits for graduate assistants were also updated.

Version 2.1, 11/10/14: *Updates* page was added and Appendix B was updated to reflect the time tracking methods and work hour limits for graduate assistants.

Version 2.2, 11/26/14: Work hour limits for Resident Advisors and ProStaff were updated in Section 3.2.6.1.

Version 2.3, 03/03/2015: Updated terms and descriptions for policies and past events. Added Occasional Worker Category and Appendix E to clarify method for inputting ACA hours.

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1.0 Summary

The federal Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires a change in how medical insurance eligibility is determined and how work hours are tracked and reported. These new ACA requirements may affect how departments provide benefits to employees and manage their work hours. All employees are subject to the new regulations. **The university could be penalized over \$24 million each year for failing to track all employees as required in the ACA.** After you've read this document, take the described actions or contact the Human Resources ACA Analyst at 405-325-2961.

Effective January 1, 2015, the ACA requires the University of Oklahoma and other large employers to define full-time employment in a new way for the purposes of offering OU medical insurance to employees. For ACA purposes, any employee working an average of at least 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month is considered a full-time employee and eligible for medical insurance. This document describes the rules used to track an employee's hours and to determine full-time status for purposes of the ACA.

1.1 Departments: Required Recordkeeping

Departments must now track the 'hours of service' for all employees. Hours of service are all hours for which an employee is paid or is entitled to pay. <u>Hours of service</u> include actual hours worked and all paid time off including vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including disability), jury duty, layoff, military duty, leave under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), and paid leave of absence.

This document describes the recordkeeping requirements. New tracking and reporting practices may need to be developed in your department.

1.2 Managers: Effects on Workforce Management

To meet the regulations, departments are required to document hours of service for all employees. While some positions at the university are defined as part-time without benefits (i.e. student workers, some adjunct faculty, etc.), the university must offer medical insurance when any employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee. The additional cost of providing employee medical insurance as required by the ACA will be included in the departmental university benefits fringe rate.

If the hours of service for an individual in one of these positions approach the ACA definition of full-time employee, departments may adjust their work schedule, increase the budget to include the additional cost of providing medical insurance, or hire the individual into a position that is intended to work 30 or more hours per week.

Additional workforce and benefits eligibility policies are being reviewed as part of the university's ACA compliance process. Any updates to this document or other policies will be made available as they are developed.

1.3 Human Resources: Medical Insurance Eligibility Rules

Human Resources determines medical insurance eligibility by reviewing an employee's hours of service during a defined period of time in the past. This is called a <u>Look-Back Measurement Period</u>. Employees with an average of 30 or more hours of service per week during the Look-Back Measurement Period become eligible for medical insurance and can elect coverage for the next 12 months. See Appendix A for the calendar of Measurement Periods and additional information about determining medical insurance eligibility.

For employees appointed in multiple departments, the <u>combined hours of service</u> across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility.

NOTE: If an employee <u>does not respond</u> to the offer of medical insurance, within 30 days, it will be documented as a refusal of coverage.

2.0 Workforce Management and the Affordable Care Act

To ensure ACA compliance, departments must follow the recordkeeping procedures described in this document. Hours of service for <u>all employees</u> must be documented and maintained by each department. Human Resources will use these records to determine medical coverage eligibility and demonstrate ACA compliance to the IRS.

2.1 Introduction to Required Actions

It is important for the university to identify all positions that are potentially impacted by the ACA and to develop appropriate compliance policies. Please take the following actions to assist in this analysis.

- 1. Read this document before taking action.
- 2. Review every employee position for the following considerations:
 - a. **Tracking Hours** Departments must track and report the hours of service for many employee categories whose hours haven't been tracked in the past. Review this document to determine if a department's procedure for tracking hours needs to be updated. For example, employees in positions paid on an hourly basis who report hours through the payroll system are already being tracked and no changes need to be made. However, the hours of service in most stipend-paid positions haven't been tracked in the past and will require a tracking procedure going forward. This document describes the new tracking procedures.
 - b. **Salary and Stipend Positions** Contact Human Resources about employees who are paid on a stipend or salary who are not currently eligible for university employee medical coverage and do not fit into one of the ACA categories described in this document.
 - c. **Independent Contractors** Review each individual's eligibility to work as an independent contractor. Incorrect categorization of an individual as an independent contractor when that individual is actually an employee may cause the university to be out of compliance with the ACA.
 - d. **Work Schedules and Job Classifications** Work schedules and job classifications may need to be adjusted to maintain ACA compliance. For example, supervisors must now consider new work hour limits for student workers and graduate assistants (see Section 3.2).

2.2 ACA Rules for Monitoring Hours

Some university policies regarding employment and benefits eligibility are changing under the new ACA requirements. Rules for monitoring hours of service and offering medical insurance are listed below:

- 1. **Employee Definition** Everyone who receives a W-2 from the university is an employee under the ACA and may be eligible for employee medical insurance.
- 2. Independent Contractors There are no changes for individuals who are correctly classified as independent contractors. They remain ineligible for medical insurance. The university can face penalties for both incorrect employment practices and failure to comply with the ACA. Departments should review each individual's eligibility to work as an independent contractor and contact Human Resources with questions.
- 3. **Medical Insurance Eligibility** The ACA requires that employee medical insurance eligibility be determined by an employee's average hours of service and NOT by a job category or title. An employee with an average of 30 hours of service or more per week or 130 hours per month will be eligible for medical insurance.
- 4. **Tracking** The university must track and report hours of service for all employees to demonstrate ACA compliance. The hours of service for most hourly-paid employees are already tracked. The hours of service for all other employees must also be tracked. This additional reporting requirement may be new for many departments and must be done to ensure ACA compliance.
- 5. **Definition of 'Hours of Service'** Hours of service must include all hours for which an employee is paid or is entitled to pay. **Hours of service** include actual hours worked and all paid time off including vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including disability), jury duty, layoff, military duty, leave under the

- Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), and paid leave of absence.
- 6. **Recording Hours of Service** The hours of service for some positions may be difficult to track. For example, Graduate Research Assistants, Adjunct Faculty, and employees paid by stipend may not currently have hourly tracking procedures. In these cases, the ACA provides limited guidance on alternate ways to calculate hours of service. Human Resources has developed alternate methods of monitoring hours as described in this document. If you have employee groups that don't fit into any category described in this document, contact Human Resources.
- 7. **ACA Employee Categories** The ACA has defined four employee categories based on an individual's average hours of service. Every university position must be sorted into one of these four ACA groups to determine medical insurance eligibility:
 - a. **A full-time employee** is a person who works on average at least 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month. A full-time employee is eligible for employee medical insurance.
 - b. A seasonal employee is a person who is hired into a position for which the customary annual employment is six months or less (for example, an employee hired to work in the summer or winter, but not both). A seasonal employee may average more than 30 hours per week during their season.
 - c. A part-time employee is a person who works on average less than 30 hours per week.
 - d. **A variable hour employee** is a person whose average hours per week cannot be reasonably determined at the time of hire.
- 8. **Multiple Campus Jobs** For employees appointed in multiple departments, the <u>combined hours of service</u> across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility. For example, an employee who works an average of 25 hours per week in Department "A" and 10 hours per week in Department "B" is considered a full-time employee under the ACA and must be offered employee medical insurance.
- 9. **Track On-Call Hours** Hours for which an employee is on-call must be tracked. ACA regulations provide guidelines for recording on-call hours. The on-call duties and conditions of a particular position determine how these hours are to be measured and recorded. Contact Human Resources for guidance.

3.0 Recordkeeping Requirements

Many employees in positions that are not currently benefits eligible may become eligible for medical insurance under the ACA. Departments must follow the tracking and reporting guidelines described here to comply with the ACA. If you have questions after reviewing this document, contact Human Resources. NOTE: These time reporting methods are subject to the same audit and record retention requirements as current timesheets.

3.1 Employees Currently Eligible for Benefits

The processes for tracking, reporting, and auditing the hours of service for full-time and part-time benefits eligible employees have changed as described below.

3.1.1 Salaried, Full-Time Benefits Eligible Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Full-time, Salaried (.75-1.0 FTE)		40 hours per week will be automatically recorded by Human Resources using the earnings code ACA. This code is required for tracking purposes and does not initiate payment.
		There are no changes in the determination of benefits eligibility for this group including 9 and 10 month appointed faculty.

3.1.2 Hourly Paid, Full-Time Benefits Eligible Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Full-time, Hourly-paid (.75-1.0 FTE)	Full-time	No changes in reporting are required. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes. There are no changes in the determination of benefits eligibility
		for this group.

3.1.3 Part-Time Benefits Eligible Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Part-time appointments of 6 months or more, (.574 FTE) working 30 hours or more per week, benefits eligible	Full-time	No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid, part-time employees. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes.
Part-time appointments of 6 months or more, (.574 FTE) working less than 30 hours per week, benefits eligible	Part-time	Departments must now record hours of service for <u>salaried</u> , <u>part-time employees</u> . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. <u>See Appendix E.</u>
		NOTE: If a department fails to enter the hours of service for salaried, part-time employees, then 40 hours per week will be automatically recorded by Human Resources for ACA purposes.

NOTE: OU currently exceeds the ACA's benefits eligibility requirements for part-time employees (.5-.74 FTE).

3.2 Employees Not Currently Eligible for Benefits

Many university positions are not eligible for medical insurance unless the individual employee's hours meet the ACA definition of full-time employee. The university expects employees in the categories listed below to be part-time, seasonal, or variable hour employees for ACA purposes as defined in Section 2.2. Departments must track hours of service for these employees. These employees should work less than an average of 30 hours per week, or be employed as a seasonal employee for six months or less each year. The additional cost of providing employee medical insurance as required by the ACA is included in the departmental benefits fringe rate.

Part-time, seasonal, or variable hour positions at OU

- Part-Time Employees
- Temporary Employees
- Student Workers
- Graduate Assistants
- Adjunct Faculty
- Resident Advisors and ProStaff
- Seasonal Employees
- Occasional Worker

- Volunteer Employees
- Interns

3.2.1 Part-time Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Part-time appointments of 6 months or more, no benefits (less than .5 FTE)	Part-time	No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid , part-time employees. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes. Departments must now record hours of service for part-time employees paid on a stipend or salary . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See Appendix E . Part-time employees with less than .5 FTE appointments are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time
		employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee.

3.2.2 Temporary Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Temporary appointments of less than 6 months	May be defined as full-time, part-time, or variable hour employee for purposes of the ACA depending on the scope of the position.	No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid , temporary employees. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes. Departments must now record hours of service for temporary employees paid on a stipend or salary . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See Appendix E .
		Temporary employees are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee. Temporary employees, who are expected to work on average over 30 hours per week, become eligible for medical insurance within 90 days of their hire date. Human Resources monitors these hours and will notify affected employees. Some temporary employees are appointed in multiple departments. The combined hours of service across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility.

3.2.3 Student Workers

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Student Worker, no benefits	Part-time	No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid, student workers. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes.
		Departments must now record hours of service for student workers paid on a <u>stipend or salary</u> . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. <u>See Appendix E</u> .
		Student workers are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee.
		Exclusion: Hours worked in federal work study positions are not counted toward medical insurance eligibility under the ACA.

3.2.3.1 Work Hours for Student Workers

Student employees should limit their work hours to less than 30 hours per week to focus on their studies. Student employees who meet the ACA definition of full-time employee become eligible for employee medical insurance.

Some student employees are appointed in multiple departments. The combined hours of service across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility.

NOTE: A change in a student's employment category may adversely affect them in several ways including student loan deferment, course enrollment opportunities, and visa status.

3.2.4 Adjunct Faculty

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Adjunct Faculty working 30 hours or more per week	Full-time	Departments must now record hours of service for adjunct faculty paid on a <u>stipend or salary</u> . Hours of service should be calculated as described in Section 3.2.4.1. A recommended workshoot for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix P.
Adjunct Faculty working less than 30 hours per week	Part-time	worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See Appendix E. Some adjunct faculty are appointed in multiple departments. The combined hours of service across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility. Adjunct faculty are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee.

3.2.4.1 Calculating Hours of Service for Adjunct Faculty

Departments must document all *required* work inside and outside the classroom. Under the ACA guidelines, record hours of service for an adjunct faculty member as follows: (a) record 2 1/4 hours of service for each hour of teaching time per week. This calculation represents a combination of teaching time and time performing related tasks such as class preparation and grading. In other words, record an hour of service for each hour of teaching, as well as an additional 1 1/4 hours of service for related activities. And, (b) record an hour of service for each additional hour outside of the classroom the faculty member spends performing faculty-related duties including required office hours or required attendance at faculty meetings.

Example: Calculating hours of service for Adjunct Faculty

Required Activity	Calculation	Hours of Service Recorded
Teaching 12 credit hours	12 x 2.25 hours of service 27 hours of service	
Office hours	2 hours	2 hours of service
Faculty meeting	1 hour	1 hour of service
Total		30 hours of service

3.2.5 Graduate Assistants

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Graduate Assistants	Part-time	Departments must now record hours of service for graduate assistants paid on a <u>stipend or salary</u> . Hours of service for Graduate Teaching Assistants should be calculated as described in Section 3.2.5.1 and 3.2.5.2, and for Graduate Research Assistants as described in Section 3.2.5.3. A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B.
		The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See Appendix E.
		Graduate assistants are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee. Graduate assistants can elect student health insurance.
		See Section 3.2.5.4 for work hour limits.

3.2.5.1 Graduate Teaching Assistants

A graduate teaching assistant (GTA) is a GA whose primary responsibility is teaching under the supervision of a faculty member. Hours of service for these GTAs are particularly challenging to identify and track as some portion of the hours spent under an assistantship appointment is attributable to the GTA's work as an employee of the university and some portion is attributable to the GA's educational requirements as students who are learning how to teach. Departments must record hours of service as 20 hours per week for those at the .5 FTE appointment level, and 28 hours per week for those at the .7 FTE appointment level. See the *Graduate Assistant Policy and ACA Compliance* in Appendix D for more information about how this method meets ACA requirements.

3.2.5.2 Graduate Teaching Assistants who are Instructor of Record

Some GTAs serve as Instructor of Record for a course(s). For purposes of this policy, a GTA is considered to be the Instructor of Record if he or she has full authority for the courses he or she is teaching and is not being supervised by a faculty member in the teaching and grading of the courses. GAs who are the Instructor of Record will fall under the university's Adjunct Faculty policies for ACA purposes. Departments must record their hours of service with the same method used for tracking the hours of service for adjunct faculty as described in the next paragraph.

3.2.5.2.1 Calculating Hours of Service for GTAs who are Instructor of Record

Departments must document all *required* work inside and outside the classroom. Under the ACA guidelines, record hours of service for a GTA who is Instructor of Record as follows: (a) record 2 1/4 hours of service for each hour of teaching time per week. This calculation represents a combination of teaching time and time performing related tasks such as class preparation and grading. In other words, record an hour of service for each hour of teaching, as well as an additional 1 1/4 hours of service for related activities. And, (b) record an hour of service for each additional hour outside of the classroom the GTA spends performing teaching-related duties including required office hours or required attendance at departmental meetings.

Example: Calculating hours of service for GTAs who are Instructor of Record

Required Activity	Calculation	Hours of Service Recorded
Teaching 12 credit hours	12 x 2.25 hours of service 27 hours of service	
Office hours	2 hours	2 hours of service
Faculty meeting	1 hour	1 hour of service
Total		30 hours of service

3.2.5.3 Graduate Research Assistants

A graduate research assistant (GRA) is a GA whose primary responsibility is research under supervision of a faculty member. Hours of service for GRAs are particularly challenging to identify and track as some portion of the hours spent under an assistantship appointment is attributable to the GRA's work as an employee of the University, and some portion is attributable to the GA's educational requirements as students who are learning how to do research. Departments must record hours of service as 20 hours per week for those at the .5 FTE appointment level, and 28 hours per week for those at the .7 FTE appointment level. See the *Graduate Assistant Policy and ACA Compliance* in Appendix D for more information about how this method meets ACA requirements.

3.2.5.4 Work Hour Limits for Graduate Assistants

GAs may work a maximum of 28 hours per week (.7 FTE). Some GAs are appointed in multiple departments. The maximum work hours is a <u>combined total</u> across all of their appointments. The combined hours of service across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility. <u>NOTE: A change in a student's employment category may adversely affect them in several ways including student loan deferment, course enrollment opportunities, and visa status.</u>

3.2.5.5 Supplemental Pay for Graduate Assistants

A GA hired at 0.7 FTE may not receive additional supplemental compensation. GAs below 0.70 FTE may pursue additional supplemental compensation up to the maximum of a .7 FTE appointment. Departments are required to complete an ePAF and track supplemental compensation for GAs (see Section 3.3).

3.2.6 Resident Advisors and ProStaff

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Resident Advisors and ProStaff (ProStaff are graduate	Part-time	Departments must now record hours of service for resident advisors and ProStaff paid on a <u>stipend or salary</u> . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B.
students with supervisory responsibilities in the dorms)		The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See Appendix E.
		Resident advisors and ProStaff are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee. See Section 3.2.6.1 for new work hour limits.

3.2.6.1 Work Hour Limits for Resident Advisors and ProStaff

Resident Advisors and ProStaff student employees should limit their work hours to less than 30 hours per week to focus on their studies. If student employees work in multiple departments, the combined hours of service across departments will be calculated by Human Resources to determine medical insurance eligibility. NOTE: A change in a student's employment category may adversely affect them in several ways including student loan deferment, course enrollment opportunities, and visa status.

3.2.7 Seasonal Employees

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Seasonal employee	Seasonal	A seasonal employee is a person who is hired into a position for which the customary annual employment is six months or less (for example, an employee hired to work in the summer or winter, but not both). A seasonal employee may average more than 30 hours per week during their season.
		No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid , seasonal employees. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes.

3.2.8 Occasional Workers

OU Category	ACA Category	Actions Required
Occasional Worker	Variable hour	Occasional workers average 19 hours or less per week over a year. These appointments may be continued indefinitely. They are not eligible for employee medical insurance unless an individual employee's hours of service meet the ACA definition of full-time employee.
		No changes in reporting are required for hourly-paid , occasional workers. Actual hours must continue to be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in PeopleSoft for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes.
		Departments must record hours of service for occasional workers paid on a <u>stipend or salary</u> . A recommended worksheet for tracking hours of service is included in Appendix B. The total hours of service per pay period for these employees should be entered in PeopleSoft using the earnings code ACA, see Appendix E. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment.

3.2.9 Volunteer Employees

For ACA purposes, volunteer employees include all employees of a government entity or other tax exempt organization whose only compensation is either (a) allowance or reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of services by volunteers; or (b) reasonable benefits such as long service awards or

nominal fees customarily paid by similar entities in connection with the performance of services by volunteers. There is no ACA reporting requirement for this group.

3.2.10 Interns

The university is not required to track and report hours for a student in an intern position as long as the student does not receive, and is not entitled to, payment in connection with those hours. There is no ACA reporting requirement for this group.

3.3 Supplemental Pay Requests and Additional Pay ePAFs

There are ACA reporting requirements for supplemental pay requests if the additional pay is associated with hours worked. When requesting additional pay for hours worked, departments must now calculate and report the number of hours that are equivalent to the amount of pay requested. ACA hours are to be reported by the department initiating pay, regardless of the department with which the employee was originally hired.

Additional Pay ePAF: The department is responsible for recording the hours of service equivalency on your internal tracking document (sample document in Appendix B) and entering the hours in HR PeopleSoft OU Manage Time and Earnings using the earnings code ACA. This code is required for tracking purposes and does not initiate payment. See instructions for PeopleSoft in Appendix E.

Paper Form Supplemental Pay Request: The hours worked should be recorded on the form and the comments should include the statement, "The hours above are reported for ACA compliance purposes." See Appendix E for instructions for adding ACA hours with PeopleSoft. Exception: Hours of service do not need to be included on this form if 1) the hours worked have already been recorded in the payroll system, or 2) the supplemental pay is not for hours worked (the payment is for an award, for example). If applicable, note the exception in the comments section of the form.

4.0 Additional ACA Requirements

In addition to the new recordkeeping requirements for departments, the university is also meeting the requirements described below to remain ACA compliant:

- OU provides information to all employees about OU medical insurance and the ACA Health Insurance Marketplace. Current employees received this information in October 2013 and all new employees have received it since then. Employees can obtain information about the ACA and the Health Insurance Marketplace at https://www.healthcare.gov.
- 2. OU-provided medical insurance is available for the dependent children of employees through the end of the month in which they turn age 26.
- 3. OU's medical insurance plans meet the standard for affordability provided by the ACA and exceed the federal minimum value standard*. Based on these measures, employees eligible for OU-provided medical insurance may not qualify for federal tax credit subsidies or discounted premiums. Consequently, OU employees may pay a lower share of the premium cost on an OU plan. Each employee's situation is different. Review your options on the federal website, https://www.healthcare.gov.

Employees who are not eligible for university-provided medical insurance may qualify for federal tax credit subsidies or discounted premiums and may find affordable coverage in the Health Insurance Marketplace.

*The standard of affordability is a federally defined measure based on the cost of Employee Only coverage provided by OU. A health plan meets the minimum value standard if it's designed to pay at least 60% of the total cost of medical services for a standard population. The minimum value standard is generally an actuarial calculation.

5.0 Appendix A: Measurement Periods

The three measurement periods described below will be applied to part-time, seasonal, and variable hour positions as defined in this document and the ACA.

Human Resources determines medical insurance eligibility by looking back at the hours of service reported by university departments during a defined period of time in the past called a Look-Back Measurement Period. Employees with an average of 30 or more hours of service per week during the Measurement Period become eligible for medical insurance and can elect coverage for the next 12 months.

The **Measurement Period** is the period of time during which hours of service are tracked to determine medical insurance eligibility. The **Administrative Period** is the period of time during which Human Resources reviews the hours tracked and offers medical insurance to anyone that has become eligible. The **Stability Period** is the period of time during which the individual would have medical insurance coverage if they elected it. A calendar of the Measurement Periods, Administrative Periods, and Stability Periods for ongoing and new employees is in Section 5.2.

There are three Measurement Periods: the Special Measurement Period, the Initial Measurement Period, and the Standard Measurement Period.

5.1.1 The Special Measurement Period

The Special Measurement Period enabled the university to offer medical insurance in compliance with the ACA to eligible employees effective January 1, 2015.

- 1. The Special Measurement Period was a one-time occurrence May 1, 2014, through October 31, 2014.
- 2. Employees who worked an average of 30 hours or more per week during the Special Measurement Period were offered university medical insurance for a period of time known as the Stability Period. These employees continue eligibility for benefits during the Stability Period regardless of the average weekly hours worked during the Stability Period.
- 3. The Stability Period is January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015.
- 4. An Administrative Period from November 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014, happened between the Measurement Period and Stability Period. During this time Human Resources determined eligibility and notified employees who have become eligible for OU employee medical insurance on the basis of hours worked during the Special Measurement Period. Employees who became eligible for benefits could enroll for coverage effective January 1, 2015.

5.1.2 The Standard Measurement Period

The Standard Measurement Period is used for all part-time, seasonal, and variable hour positions as defined in this document and the ACA. It will enable the university to offer medical insurance in compliance with the ACA to eligible employees.

- 1. The Standard Measurement Period is November 1 through the following October 31.
- 2. The first Standard Measurement Period is November 1, 2014, through October 31, 2015. This Standard Measurement Period will enable the university to identify employees who are considered full-time for ACA purposes and offer them medical insurance coverage effective January 1, 2016.
- 3. Employees who work an average of 30 hours or more per week during the Standard Measurement Period will be offered university medical insurance for a period of time in the future known as the Stability Period. These employees continue eligibility for benefits during the Stability Period regardless of the average weekly hours worked during the Stability Period.
- 4. The Stability Period is January 1 through December 31 of the year following each Standard Measurement Period.
- 5. An Administrative Period from November 1 through December 31 happens between the Measurement Period and Stability Period. During this time Human Resources will determine eligibility and notify employees who have become eligible for OU employee medical insurance on the basis of hours worked

during the Special Measurement Period. Employees who have become eligible for benefits can enroll for coverage effective January 1 of the following year.

5.1.3 The Initial Measurement Period

The Initial Measurement Period is used for new employees. It will enable the university to offer medical insurance in compliance with the ACA to newly hired employees.

- 1. Each new employee falls into a 12-month Initial Measurement Period that begins on the first day of the month following the employee's date of hire.
- 2. For new employees, the Initial Measurement Period is 12 months, the Administrative Period is one month, and the Stability Period is the next 12 months.
- 3. Employees who work an average of 30 hours or more per week during the Initial Measurement Period will be offered university medical insurance for a period of time in the future known as the Stability Period. These employees continue eligibility for benefits during the Stability Period regardless of the average weekly hours worked during the Stability Period.
- 4. New employees will subsequently be included in the Standard Measurement Period for ongoing employees once they have been employed for a complete Standard Measurement Period.

Section 5.2: Calendar of Affordable Care Act Measurement Periods

Measurement Period: An employee with an average of 30 hours of service or more during the measurement period must be offered medical insurance.

A 6-month Special Measurement Period occurs one time from May 1, 2014 through Oct 31, 2014 and will be used for existing employees (those active on May 1, 2014).

The 12-month Standard Measurement Period for employees active on November 1 is from November 1 through October 31 of the following year.

The 12-month Initial Measurement Period for new employees begins on the first of the month after their date of hire.

Administrative Period: The Administrative Period follows the Measurement Period. Eligible employees will be notified and allowed to enroll in medical insurance.

The Standard Administrative Period will be November 1 through December 31 each year for existing employees (those active on November 1).

Stability Period: The Stability Period follows the Administrative Period and must be as long as the Measurement Period. The Stability Period will be January 1 through December 31 each year.

Employees who has an average of 30 hours of service per week during the Measurement Period can elect medical insurance coverage for the entire Stability Period as long as they remain active employees.

The Stability Period for new employees is 12 months.

EXISTING EMPLOYEES (active on May 1, 2014)

2014		2015	2016							
	Nov Dec Standard Admin Period	Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Stability Period: Jan 1, 2015 - Dec 31, 2015 If the 30 hour threshold was met, the employee can elect coverage for this period.								

Standard Measurement Period: Nov 1, 2014 - Oct 31, 2015 Does employee average 30 hours per week? Standard Admin Period

Stability Period: Jan 1, 2016 - Dec 31, 2016

If the 30 hour threshold was met, the employee can elect coverage for this period.

NEW EMPLOYEES (hired after May 1, 2014)

	2014								2015							2016																			
Ī	Jan Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
_																																-	Γransition	to Stan	ndard
																																1	Measuren	nent Pe	riod.
								Initial I	Measure	ement Pe	eriod (ex	xample	date of h	nire in Ju	une 2014	4):		Admin				C+	tability [Doriod:	Sept 1,	2016	\uσ 21 -1	2016				Insur	rance mus	t contir	nue if the
						July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015								Period		If the	30 hou	اد ur thresh	-		-		_		for this	neriod		30-	hour thre	shold w	vas met				
						Does employee average 30 hours per week?									Period		11 (116	30 1100	ii tiiiesii	ioiu was	illet, ti	ne empi	Jyee car	i elect c	overage	101 11115	periou.			during an	overlap	pping			
																				Standard							tandard N	1easure	ement						
																																	Pe	riod.	

Standard Measurement Period: Nov 1, 2014 - Oct 31, 2015

Does employee average 30 hours per week?

(A new employee's Initial Measurement Period may overlap with the Standard Measurement Period.)

Standard Admin Period

Stability Period: Jan 1, 2016 - Dec 31, 2016

If the 30 hour threshold was met, the employee can elect coverage for this period.

Appendix B

ACA Hours of Service Tracking Record

Record hours of service below for <u>all employees</u> paid on stipend or salary. Hours of service are all hours for which an employee is paid or is entitled to pay. Hours of service include actual hours worked and all paid time off including vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including disability), jury duty, layoff, military duty, leave under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), and paid leave of absence.

Additional Pay: All hours of service that are paid on an Additional Pay ePAF should be recorded on this form.

Payroll Reporting: The hours of service documented here should be reported in the payroll system using the earnings code ACA each pay period.

Record Retention: ACA time tracking records are subject to the same audit and record retention requirements as current timesheets.

Last Name: Department Name:					First Name	e:			MI:		EMPLID:		FTE:				
							Account N	umber:			<u> </u>	Month:		<u> </u>			
Date:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
ACA Hours of Service																	
Date:	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Total	
ACA Hours of Service																	
Comments:																	
Employee Si	gnature:												Date:				
Supervisor S	ignature:												Date:				

This document is available electronically as a spreadsheet here: https://apps.hr.ou.edu/dms/GetDocuments.aspx?p=ACA+Workforce+Management

NOTE: Hours of service for adjunct faculty and graduate assistants (GAs: graduate teaching assistants (GTAs), and graduate research assistants (GRAs)) are calculated as described below. **Adjunct faculty and GTAs (Instructors of Record):** Record 2 1/4 hours of service for each credit hour of teaching time. Record an hour of service for each additional hour outside of the classroom spent performing related duties including required office hours or required attendance at faculty meetings.

For example:

Required Activity	Calculation	Hours of Service Recorded per week
Teaching 12 credit hours per week	12 x 2.25 hours of service	27 hours of service
Office hours	2 hours	2 hours of service
Faculty/staff meetings	1 hour	1 hour of service
Total		30 hours of service

GRAs and GTAs (Not Instructors of Record): Record hours of service as 10 hours per week for .25 FTE, 20 hours per week for .5 FTE, and 28 hours per week for .7 FTE.

Reporting Tim	ne: ACA Recordkeeping Guidelines
Employee Group	Norman PeopleSoft Method
Salaried, full-time benefits eligible .75 – 1.0 FTE	40 hours per week will automatically be recorded by Human Resources. Employees in this category do not need to track hours worked and departments do not need to report ACA hours on the monthly certification.
Hourly paid employees	Actual hours must be tracked on an hourly timesheet and recorded in PeopleSoft for the employee to be paid. This record will also be used for ACA purposes. If an hourly employee receives supplemental or additional pay, see category Employees Receiving Supplemental Pay or Stipend Pay for further guidance.
Part-time salaried employees Less than .75 FTE	Your department must now track the hours of service for part-time salaried employees regardless of whether they are eligible for university benefits. An employee's total hours of service in each pay period should be entered in PeopleSoft using the earnings code ACA. See Appendix E. This code is required for tracking purposes and does not initiate payment.
	If actual hours of service are not entered for part-time salaried people, 40 hours per week will automatically be recorded in PeopleSoft using the earnings code ACA.
	In the <i>OU Workforce Management Requirements</i> document at the link below, see Section 3.2.4 for methods of calculating hours for adjunct faculty, Section 3.2.5 for graduate assistants, and Section 3.2.6 for Resident Advisors & ProStaff.
Employees Receiving Supplemental Pay or Stipend Pay	Changes to Supplemental Pay Requests and Additional Pay ePAFs There are ACA reporting requirements for supplemental pay requests if the additional pay is associated with hours worked. When requesting additional pay for hours worked, departments must now calculate and report the number of hours that are equivalent to the amount of pay requested.
	Additional Pay ePAF: The department is responsible for recording the hours of service equivalency on your internal tracking document (sample document in Appendix B of the OU Workforce Management Requirements document at the link below) and entering the hours in HR PeopleSoft using the earnings code ACA. See Appendix E. This code is required for tracking purposes and does not initiate payment.
	Paper Form Supplemental Pay Request: The hours worked should be recorded on the form and the comments should include the statement, "The hours above are reported for ACA compliance purposes." Your department will still need to record the additional hours of service in PeopleSoft. See Appendix E. Exception: Hours of service do not need to be included on this form if 1) the hours worked have already been recorded in the payroll system, or 2) the supplemental pay is not for hours worked (the payment is for an award, for example). If applicable, note the exception in the comments section of the form.
	Stipend Payments: Payment for stipends cannot be delayed until the end of the semester. Payment must be issued in the month work was performed. Use the Supplemental Pay Request or the Additional Pay ePAF as described above to request stipend pay.

If you have employees that don't fit into the categories above, contact Human Resources for an alternate method of recordkeeping at ohr@ou.edu.

Up-to-date versions of this and other ACA documents can be found here: https://apps.hr.ou.edu/dms/GetDocuments.aspx?p=ACA+Workforce+Management.

Appendix D

Graduate Assistant Policy and Affordable Care Act Compliance

For Graduate Assistants who are not the "Instructor of Record"

A. Background

Graduate Assistants (GAs) are assigned duties as University of Oklahoma employees, but those duties are generally related to the GAs field of study and are simultaneously required to attain a degree. Therefore, some portion of the hours spent under an assistantship appointment is attributable to the GAs work as an employee of the university, and some portion is attributable to the GAs educational requirements as students. GAs are paid a market-competitive stipend for the portion of their work as "employees of the university". The university will credit hours worked by GAs based on the level of appointment, .50 FTE to .70 FTE. No GA will receive an appointment greater than .70 FTE. All GAs will receive an appointment letter detailing the level of appointment and this policy for crediting hours of service for Affordable Care Act (ACA) purposes.

This policy applies only to those GAs who are not the "Instructor of Record". For purposes of this policy, a GA is considered to be the "Instructor of Record" only if he or she has full authority for the courses he or she is teaching, and is not being supervised by a faculty member in the teaching and grading of the courses. GAs who are the "Instructor of Record" will fall under the university's Adjunct Faculty policies for ACA purposes.

B. Applicable Legal Rules

The Treasury Department and the IRS have acknowledged that certain categories of employees have hours of service that are particularly challenging to track and for whom the ACA's final play-or-pay regulations' general rules for determining hours of service may present special difficulties.

Until further guidance is issued, employers of adjunct faculty and employees in other positions that raise analogous issues with respect to the crediting of hours of service are required to use a reasonable method of crediting hours of service that is consistent with section 4980H of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").¹

A method of crediting hours is not reasonable if it takes into account only a portion of an employee's hours of service with the effect of characterizing, as a non-full-time employee, an employee in a position that traditionally involves at least 30 hours of service per week. Whether a method of crediting hours of service is reasonable is based on the relevant facts and circumstances.

C. Application of Legal Rules to Graduate Assistants

GAs raise issues that are analogous to those raised by the employment of adjunct faculty, including:

- GAs are assigned and are compensated for work associated with their status as research or teaching assistants and the course work in which they are enrolled (Adjuncts are compensated based on course work they are teaching);
- GA stipend compensation is not based on actual time spent on work assigned to them;
- The hours of service equivalencies for non-hourly employees (eight hours per day or 40 hours per week) are too high for GAs, as reflected in the amount of the stipend paid for the value of the

Shared Responsibility for Employers Regarding Health Coverage, 26 CFR Parts 1, 54, and 301, 79 Fed. Reg. 8543, 8551 (Feb. 12, 2014).

- portion of their work attributable to their employment and the inherent categorizing of a portion of their work as educational in nature; and
- Counting actual hours is administratively burdensome, or impossible, since the work may be simultaneously performed as an employee and as a student.

Therefore, the university and its health plan consultant have worked with Nyhart, an actuary, to develop a reasonable method of crediting hours of service for GAs that is consistent with Code § 4980H considering all facts and circumstances. The result of this analysis is that each GA with a .5 FTE appointment will be credited with 20 hours of service per week, and each GRA with a .70 FTE appointment will be credited with 28 hours of service per week.

To ensure that this method of crediting hours is reasonable and takes into account all GA hours of service attributable to the portion of their work as an employee of the university (and not as a student); and does not have the effect of characterizing an otherwise full-time employee as a non-full-time employee, Nyhart has developed a ratio that will be calculated and reviewed periodically.

Since the stipend paid to these GAs is market-based and competitive among other universities with similar educational and research programs, the amount of the stipend paid to the GA compared to the average salary in the annual NACE Salary Survey² is a reasonable measure (and somewhat conservative) of the portion of the GAs work as an "employee". The ratio of (a) the average peer stipend reported in the OSU Graduate Assistant Stipend Survey³ to (b) the average annual salary reported in the NACE salary survey will be used to verify that the number of hours credited are reasonable, and do not understate the actual number of hours GAs devote to their work as university employees. The ratio will be calculated periodically to verify that a reasonable number of hours are being credited for the portion of a GAs assigned duties that are attributable to their work as an employee of the university.

Currently, for the 2014 – 2015 academic year, the calculation is as follows and demonstrates that the hours crediting method stated above is reasonable:

OSU Graduate Assistant Stipend Survey Average: \$16,635 cash compensation

paid over nine-months

Annualized OSU Graduate Assistant Stipend Survey Average: \$22,180 (\$16,636 x 12 / 9)

2014 NACE Survey Average Salary: \$45,473

Ratio: .4878 FTE

Oklahoma State University conducts the Graduate Assistant Stipend Survey annually. The survey data are collected from more than forty universities with similar educational and research programs.

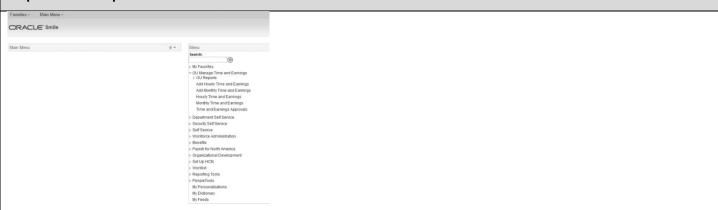


nyhart

The executive summary of the annual survey published by the National Association of Colleges and Employers states "Data contained in the NACE Salary Survey are produced through a compilation of data derived from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the U.S. Census Bureau, and a master data set developed by Job Search Intelligence. Data for the April 2014 Salary Survey report were retrieved in February 2014." The survey is conducted annually and includes a broad variety of degree majors and geographic locations. The survey reflects a fair market wage for recent graduates in full-time employment.

Reporting Time: PeopleSoft Steps

Step 1: Go to PeopleSoft



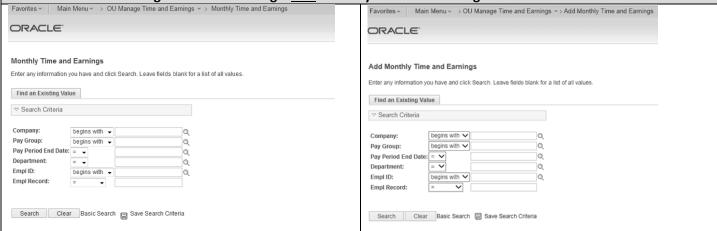
Step 2: For an employee in your department:

Main Menu – OU Manage Time and Earning – Monthly Time and Earnings.

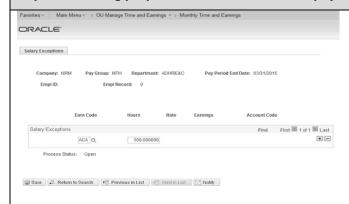
OR

For an employee from another department:

Main Menu - OU Manage Time and Earning - Add Monthly Time and Earnings.



Step 3: From the earnings page: Enter Earn Code "ACA" and the hours worked for the month. This code is for required tracking purposes and does not initiate payment.



NOTE: If a department fails to enter the hours of service for salaried, part-time employees, then 40 hours per week will be automatically recorded by Human Resources for ACA purposes

Up-to-date versions of this and other ACA documents can be found here:

https://apps.hr.ou.edu/dms/GetDocuments.aspx?p=ACA+Workforce+Management.